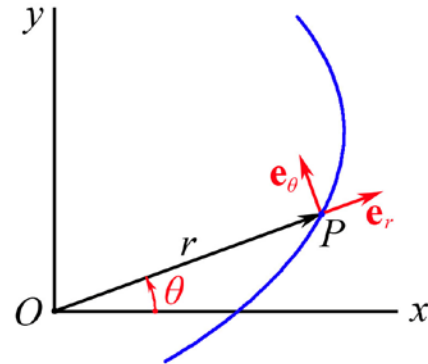


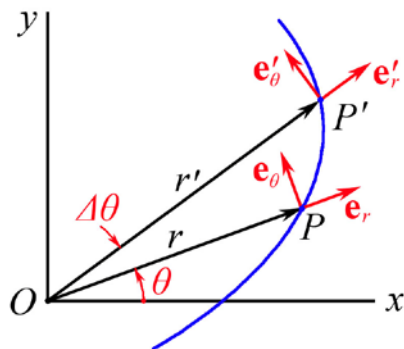
## MEEG 4003 Quiz 12.m03.093

1. ⑩ Including sketches, derive the formulas (a)  $\dot{\mathbf{e}}_r = \dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta$ , (b)  $\dot{\mathbf{e}}_\theta = -\dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_r$ .

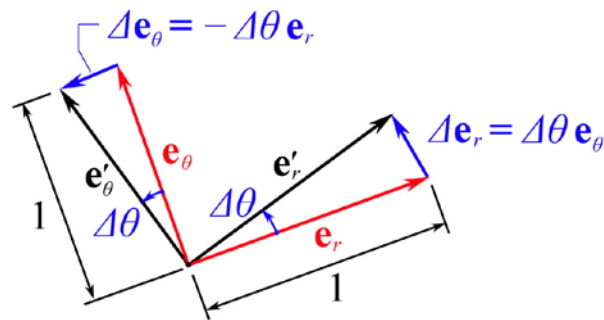
2. ⑩ Starting with the position vector  $\mathbf{r} = r \mathbf{e}_r$  and using the above formulas, derive the formulas for the velocity  $\mathbf{v}$  and acceleration  $\mathbf{a}$  of a particle in polar coordinates.



1.



②



②

$$\dot{\mathbf{e}}_r = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta \mathbf{e}_r}{\Delta t} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t} \mathbf{e}_\theta = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \mathbf{e}_\theta = \dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta \quad \text{Q.E.D.} \quad ③$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{e}}_\theta = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta \mathbf{e}_\theta}{\Delta t} = -\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t} \mathbf{e}_r = -\frac{d\theta}{dt} \mathbf{e}_r = -\dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_r \quad \text{Q.E.D.} \quad ③$$

2.  $\mathbf{r} = r \mathbf{e}_r \quad \mathbf{v} = \dot{\mathbf{r}} = \dot{r} \mathbf{e}_r + r \dot{\mathbf{e}}_r = \dot{r} \mathbf{e}_r + r (\dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta) \quad \mathbf{v} = \dot{r} \mathbf{e}_r + r \dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta \quad ③$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} = \dot{\mathbf{v}} &= (\ddot{r} \mathbf{e}_r + \dot{r} \dot{\mathbf{e}}_r) + (\dot{r} \dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta + r \ddot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta + r \dot{\theta} \dot{\mathbf{e}}_\theta) \quad ⑤ \\ &= \ddot{r} \mathbf{e}_r + \dot{r} (\dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta) + \dot{r} \dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta + r \ddot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_\theta + r \dot{\theta} (-\dot{\theta} \mathbf{e}_r) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{a} = (\ddot{r} - r \dot{\theta}^2) \mathbf{e}_r + (r \ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{r} \dot{\theta}) \mathbf{e}_\theta \quad ②$$