

MEEG 4703

Name: _____

Test III

ID#:

1. (20%) Use Green's theorem

$$\oint_{C} P dx + Q dy = \iint_{R} \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \right) dA$$

to evaluate the integral

$$I = \iint_{R} x^2 dA$$

by means of a line integral if R is the region bounded by the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$

2. (30%) Verify Stokes' theorem

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \iint_S (\nabla \times \mathbf{F}) \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$$

where $\mathbf{F} = x^2 y \mathbf{i} + (x + y^2) \mathbf{j} + xy^2 z \mathbf{k}$ and *S* is the part of the cylindrical surface $z = 4 - y^2$ in the first octant and bounded by the planes y = 2 and 2x - 3y = 0.

3. (30%) Verify the divergence theorem

$$\iint_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS = \iiint_{D} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} \, dV$$

where $\mathbf{F} = yz\mathbf{j} + x\mathbf{k}$ and *D* is the region in the first octant bounded by the surface x + y + z = 1 and the coordinate planes.

- **4.** (20%) Submit your solutions for the following homework problems:
 - (a) Problem 10, on page 538.
 - (*b*) Problem 6, on page 555.